I Mina'Trentai Tres Na Liheslaturan Received Bill Log Sheet

BILL NO.	SPONSOR	TITLE	DATE INTRODUCED	DATE REFERRED	CMTE REFERRED	PUBLIC HEARING DATE	DATE COMMITTEE REPORT FILED	FISCAL NOTES
95-33 (COR)	Michael F.Q. San Nicolas FRANK B. AGUON, JR. Brant T. McCreadie	AN ACT TOAMEND 8 GCA §40.20, ADD A NEW 8 GCA §40.25.5, ADD A NEW 11 GCA CHAPTER 79, ADDA NEW 11 GCA S103104(a)(7), AND ADD A NEW 12 GARR CHAPTER 2; RELATIVE TO ADDRESSING OVERCROWDING AT THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DUE TO THE DETAINEE POPULATION BY AUTHORIZING THE USE OF BAIL BONDS FOR COURT-ORDERED BAIL AND TO AUTHORIZE THE JUDICIARY OF GUAM TO ESTABLISH A UNIFORM BAIL SCHEDULE; THIS ACT SHALL BE CITED AS THE "BAIL REFORM ACT OF 2015."	4:52 p.m.	05/06/15	Committee on Finance and Taxation, General Government Operations and Youth Development			

IA IS E-1

I Mina'trentai Tres na Liheslaturan Guåhan • The 33rd Guam Legislature 155 Hesler Place, Hagåtña, Guam 96910 • www.guamlegislature.com E-mail: roryforguam@gmail.com • Tel: (671)472-7679 • Fax: (671)472-3547

Senator Rory J. Respicio CHAIRPERSON MAJORITY LEADER

May 6, 2015

Senator Thomas C. Ada VICE CHAIRPERSON ASSISTANT MAJORITY LEADER

Speaker Judith T.P. Won Pat, Ed.D.

Member

Vice-Speaker Benjamin J.F. Cruz Member

Legislative Secretary Tina Rose Muna Barnes Member

Senator Dennis G. Rodriguez, Jr. Member

> Senator Frank Blas Aguon, Jr. Member

Senator Michael F.Q. San Nicolas Member

Senator Nerissa Bretania Underwood Member

> V. Anthony Ada MINORITY LEADER

Mary C. Torres
MINORITY MEMBER

MEMORANDUM

To: Rennae Meno

Clerk of the Legislature

Attorney Therese M. Terlaje Legislative Legal Counsel

From: Senator Rory J. Respicio

Chairperson, Committee on Rules

Subject: Referral of Bill No. 95-33(COR)

As the Chairperson of the Committee on Rules, I am forwarding my referral of **Bill No. 95-33(COR).**

Please ensure that the subject bill is referred, in my name, to the respective committee, as shown on the attachment. I also request that the same be forwarded to all members of *I Mina'trentai Tres Na Liheslaturan Guåhan*.

Should you have any questions, please feel free to contact our office at 472-7679.

Si Yu'os Ma'åse!

Attachment

I MINA'TRENTAI TRES NA LIHESLATURAN GUÅHAN 2015 (FIRST) Regular Session

Bill No. 95-33 (con)

Introduced by:

Michael F.Q. San Nicolas F.B. Aguon, J.

Brant T. McCreadie

AN ACT TO AMEND 8 GCA §40.20, ADD A NEW 8 GCA §40.25.5, ADD A NEW 11 GCA CHAPTER 79, ADD A NEW 11 GCA §103104(a)(7), AND ADD A NEW 12 GARR CHAPTER 2; RELATIVE TO ADDRESSING OVERCROWDING AT THE DEPARTMENT OF CORRECTIONS DUE TO THE DETAINEE POPULATION BY AUTHORIZING THE USE OF BAIL BONDS FOR COURT-ORDERED BAIL AND TO AUTHORIZE THE JUDICIARY OF GUAM TO ESTABLISH A UNIFORM BAIL SCHEDULE; THIS ACT SHALL BE CITED AS THE "BAIL REFORM ACT OF 2015."

BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF GUAM:

- Section 1. Short Title. This Act *shall* be cited as the "Bail Reform Act of 2015."
- 4 Section 2. Legislative Findings and Intent. I Liheslaturan Guåhan finds
- 5 that, according to the Office of Public Accountability's December 2014
- 6 Performance Audit, DOC's ACF currently houses six hundred ninety (690) people,
- 7 with pre-trial detainees comprising approximately sixty percent (60%) of the
- 8 prison population.

- 9 I Liheslatura further finds that the population of the Department of
- 10 Corrections' Adult Correctional Facility is excessive. Since around sixty percent
- 11 (60%) of the incarcerated population is comprised of pre-trial detainees, addressing

this approximately four hundred forty-nine (449) detained population is an important component in addressing overcrowding.

I Liheslatura finds that updating Guam's bail statutes is one step to alleviating the large number of pre-trial detainees. Allowing the limited use of bail bonds and the creation of a conditional uniform bail schedule are resourceful ways to decrease the detainee population, with minimal long term costs to the Government of Guam.

It is therefore the intent of *I Liheslaturan Guåhan* to update Guam's bail statutes by allowing the use of bail bonds for court-ordered bail and to authorize the Unified Judiciary of Guam to establish a Uniform Bail Schedule.

Section 3. Allowing the Use of Bail Bond Agencies. §40.20 of Chapter 40 Title 8, Guam Code Annotated is hereby *amended* to read:

"§ 40.20. Bail Conditions; Defined, When to be Used.

Where the judge determines that release of the person charged on his/her own recognizance will not reasonably assure his/her appearance as required, or will endanger the safety of any other person or the community, the judge *shall* impose the least onerous of the following conditions which is reasonably likely to assure the person's appearance as required and the safety of any other person and the community, or, if no single condition gives that assurance, the least onerous combination of the following conditions:

- (a) placement of the person in the custody of a designated person or organization agreeing to supervise him/her and to assist him/her in appearing in Court;
- (b) placement of restrictions on the activities, movements, associations and residence of the person;

1	(c) execution of a bond in an amount specified by the judge or
2	pursuant to a Uniform Bail Schedule established by the Judicial Council,
3	which shall not include crimes under Chapter 16, Chapter 19, Chapter 22,
4	Chapter 25, Chapter 25A, Chapter 26, Chapter 30, or §§ 34.20, 34.30,
5	34.40, or 34.50(b)(1) of Chapter 34, Chapter 37, Chapter 40, all of Title 9,
6	Guam Code Annotated; such bond in the discretion of the judge to be either
7	unsecured or secured in whole or in part by the deposit of cash or other
8	property, or by the obligation of qualified sureties to include a Bail Bond
9	Agency licensed as provided in Chapter 79 of Division 3, Title 11, Guam
10	Code Annotated. A Bail Bond Agency shall not act as a surety for the
11	deposit of cash or other property for a bond for crimes under Chapter 16,
12	Chapter 19, Chapter 22, Chapter 25, Chapter 25A, Chapter 26, Chapter 30,
13	or §§ 34.20, 34.30, 34.40, or 34.50(b)(1) of Chapter 34, Chapter 37, Chapter
14	40, all of Title 9, Guam Code Annotated;

- (d) release of the person during working hours, but with the condition that he/she return to custody at specified times; or
- (e) any other condition reasonably necessary to assure appearance as required and the safety of any other person and the community."

Section 4. Bail Bond Agency as Surety. A *new* §40.25.5 is hereby *added* to Chapter 40, Title 8, Guam Code Annotated, to read:

"§ 40.25.5. Bail Bond Agency as Surety.

- (a) Sureties *shall* include but not be limited to bail bond agencies licensed pursuant to 11 GCA Chapter 79.
- (b) Monthly Reports on Bail Bonds to the Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation. The Unified Judiciary of Guam *shall* provide monthly reports to the Director of the Department of Revenue and Taxation on the status of bail bonds provided by Bail Bond Agencies licensed under

1	11 GCA Chapter 79. Such reports shall include the name of the Bail Bond
2	Agency, the Qualified Agents as defined in 11 GCA §79101(1) of such
3	agencies, the defendants for which such Bail Bond Agencies act as sureties,
4	the bail amounts for each such defendant, and whether the bonds for such
5	defendants are posted, exonerated, or forfeited."
6	Section 5. Bail Bond Agency. A new Chapter 79 is hereby added to
7	Division 3, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, to read:
8	"CHAPTER 79
9	BAIL BOND AGENCY
10	
11	§ 79101. Definitions.
12	§ 79102. Discretion of Courts to Accept or Reject a Surety or Bond.
13	§ 79103. Bail Bond Agency and Bail Bond Agent Authority and Scope.
14	§ 79104. Bail Bond Agency License Requirements.
15	§ 79105. Bail Bond Agent License Requirements.
16	§ 79106. License Applications.
17	§ 79107. License Cards, Certificates; Advertising; Notice of Changes.
18	§ 79108. Bail Bond License Fees.
19	§ 79109. Notice Concerning Agent's Status.
20	§ 79110. Time Frame to Post Bonded Bail.
21	§ 79111. Bail Bond Maximum Rate.
22	§ 79112. Collateral for Bail Bond Service.
23	§ 79113. Unprofessional Conduct.
24	§ 79114. Complaints.
25	§ 79115. Statement of Charges; Hearing.
26	§ 79116. Statement of Charges; Notice.
27	§ 79117. Unlicensed Activity; Criminal Penalties.

- 1 § 79118. Application of Administrative Law.
- 2 § 79119. Director's Powers.
 - § 79120. Failure of Criminal Defendant to Uphold Bail Conditions.

§ 79101. Definitions.

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following definitions apply throughout this Chapter:

- (a) 'Bail bond agency' *means* a business that sells and issues corporate surety bail bonds or that provides security in the form of personal or real property to ensure the appearance of a criminal defendant before the courts of Guam or the United States.
- (b) 'Bail bond agent' *means* a person who is employed by a bail bond agency and engages in the sale or issuance of bail bonds, but does not mean a clerical, secretarial, or other support person who does not participate in the sale or issuance of bail bonds.
- (c) 'Bail bond recovery agent' *means* a person who is under contract with a bail bond agent to receive compensation, reward, or any other form of consideration for locating, apprehending, and surrendering a fugitive criminal defendant for whom a bail bond has been posted. 'Bail bond recovery agent' does not include a Marshal of the Unified Judiciary of Guam.
 - (d) 'Board' means the Banking and Insurance Board.
- (e) 'Branch office' *means* any office physically separated from the principal place of business of the licensee from which the licensee or an employee or agent of the licensee conducts any activity meeting the criteria of a bail bond agency.

1 (f) 'Collateral or security' *means* property of any kind given as 2 security to obtain a bail bond. 3 (g) 'Department' means the Department of Revenue and Taxation. 4 (h) 'Director' means the Director of the Department of Revenue and 5 Taxation. 6 (i) 'Disciplinary authority' *means* the Banking and Insurance Board. 7 (i) 'Indemnitor' means the person placing security with an 8 agency/agent, to secure the agency against loss for the release of a 9 defendant(s) on a bail bond. 10 (k) 'Licensee' means a bail bond agency, a bail bond agent, or a qualified agent. 11 (1) 'Qualified agent' means an owner, sole proprietor, partner, 12 13 manager, officer, or chief operating officer of a company who meets the 14 requirements set forth in this Chapter for obtaining a bail bond agency 15 license. 16 (m) 'Unlicensed practice' means: 17 (1) Practicing a profession or operating a business without 18 holding a valid, unexpired, unrevoked, and unsuspended license to do 19 so; or 20 (2) Representing to a person, through offerings, advertisements, 21 or use of a professional title or designation, that the individual or business is qualified to practice a profession or operate a business 22 23 without holding a valid, unexpired, unrevoked, and unsuspended 24 license to do so.

Nothing in this Chapter limits the discretion of the courts of Guam to

§ 79102. Discretion of Courts to Accept or Reject a Surety or Bond.

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accept or reject a particular surety or bond in a particular case.

§ 79103. Bail Bond Agency and Bail Bond Agent Authority and Scope.

- (a) Only bail bond agencies licensed under this Chapter are authorized to charge a premium to post bail for a defendant. Only licensed bail bond agencies *shall* engage in or employ others to engage in any activity that *may* be performed by bail bond agents under the provisions of this Chapter.
- (b) Only bail bond agents employed by a bail bond agency *may* engage in the business of sale or issuance of bail bonds to secure a defendant's release from custody. Only bail bond agents *may* represent their respective bail bond agency of employment when working with law enforcement to ensure bail conditions are met, or if they are not met, to assist law enforcement as needed to recover the detainee.

§ 79104. Bail Bond Agency License Requirements.

In addition to meeting the minimum requirements to obtain a license as a bail bond agent, a qualified agent *must* meet the following additional requirements to obtain a bail bond agency license:

- (a) Pay any additional fees as established in law.
- (b) An agency license issued under this Section *may* not be assigned or transferred without prior written approval of the Director.
- (c) Bond. No bail bond agency license *may* be issued under the provisions of this Chapter unless the qualified agent files with the Director a bond, executed by a surety company authorized to do business in Guam, in the sum of ten thousand dollars (\$10,000) conditioned to recover against the agency and its servants, officers, agents, and employees by reason of its violation of the provisions of Subsection (d) of this Section. The bond *shall* be made payable to the Territory of Guam, and anyone so injured by the agency or its servants, officers, agents, or employees *may* bring suit upon the bond in Guam courts. The suit *must* be brought not later than two (2) years

after the failure to return property in accordance with Subsection (d) of this Section. If valid claims against the bond exceed the amount of the bond or deposit, each claimant *shall* be entitled only to a pro rata amount, based on the amount of the claim as it is valid against the bond, without regard to the date of filing of any claim or action.

- (1) Every licensed bail bond agency *must* at all times maintain on file with the Director the bond required by this Subsection in full force and effect. Upon failure by a licensee to do so, the Director *shall* suspend the licensee's license and *shall* not reinstate the license until this requirement is met.
- (2) In lieu of posting a bond, a qualified agent *may* deposit in an interest-bearing account, ten thousand dollars (\$10,000).
- (d) Records; Finances; Disposition of Security. Every issued agency *shall* keep adequate records for three (3) years of all collateral and security received, all trust accounts required by this Section, and all bail bond transactions handled by the bail bond agency, as specified by rule. The records *shall* be open to inspection without notice by the Director or authorized representatives of the Director.
 - (1) Every issued agency who receives collateral or security is a fiduciary of the property and *shall* keep adequate records for three (3) years of the receipt, safekeeping, and disposition of the collateral or security. Every qualified agent *shall* maintain a trust account in a federally insured financial institution located in Guam. All moneys, including cash, checks, money orders, wire transfers, and credit card sales drafts, received as collateral or security or otherwise held for a bail bond agency's client *shall* be deposited in the trust account not later than the third banking day following receipt of the funds or

money. A qualified agent *shall* not in any way encumber the corpus of the trust account or commingle any other moneys with moneys properly maintained in the trust account. Each qualified agent required to maintain a trust account *shall* report annually under oath to the Director the account number and balance of the trust account, and the name and address of the institution that holds the trust account, and *shall* report to the Director within ten (10) business days whenever the trust account is changed or relocated or a new trust account is opened.

- (2) Whenever a bail bond is exonerated by the court, the qualified agent *shall*, within five (5) business days after written notification of exoneration, return all collateral or security to the person entitled thereto.
- (e) Qualified bail bond agent as manager. No agency *may* operate under a business name other than the name of the principal bail bond agency and *must* have a qualified bail bond agent as manager of the office. The qualified agent *shall* comply with the provisions of Subsection (d) of this Section.
- (f) License required for branch office. If a licensee maintains a branch office, the licensee *shall* not operate that branch office until a branch office license has been received from the Director. A bail bond agency *may* apply to the Director for authority to establish one (1) or more branch offices under the same name as the main office upon the payment of a fee as prescribed by law. The Director *shall* issue a separate license for each branch office showing the location of each branch which *shall* be prominently displayed in the office for which it is issued. A corporation, partnership, or sole proprietorship *shall* not establish more than one (1) principal office within Guam.

§ 79105. Bail Bond Agent License Requirements.

An applicant *must* meet the following minimum requirements to obtain a bail bond agent license:

- (a) Be at least eighteen (18) years of age;
- (b) Be a citizen or resident alien of the United States;
- (c) Not have been convicted of a felony or crime of moral turpitude;
- (d) Be employed by a bail bond agency or be a qualified agent of a bail bond agency; and
 - (e) Pay the required fee.

§ 79106. License Applications.

Applications for licenses required under this Chapter *shall* be filed with the Director on a form provided by the Director. The Director and Board *may* require any information and documentation that reasonably relates to the need to determine whether the applicant meets the criteria, including fingerprints.

§ 79107. License Cards, Certificates; Advertising; Notice of Changes.

- (a) The Director *shall* issue a bail bond agent license card to each licensed bail bond agent. A bail bond agent *shall* carry the license card whenever he or she is performing the duties of a bail bond agent and *shall* exhibit the card upon request.
- (b) The Director *shall* issue a license certificate to each licensed bail bond agency.
 - (1) Within seventy-two (72) hours after receipt of the license certificate, the licensee *shall* post and display the certificate in a conspicuous place in the principal office of the licensee within Guam.
 - (2) It is unlawful for any person holding a license certificate to knowingly and willfully post the license certificate upon premises

1	other than those described in the license certificate or to materially
2	alter a license certificate.
3	(3) Every advertisement by a licensee that solicits or advertises
4	business shall contain the name of the licensee, the address of record,
5	and the license number as they appear in the records of the Director.
6	(4) The licensee shall notify the Director within thirty (30) days
7	of any change in the licensee's officers or directors or any material
8	change in the information furnished or required to be furnished to the
9	Director.
10	§ 79108. Bail Bond License Fees.
11	(a) The following fees for a one (1) year period shall be charged by
12	the Department:
13	Title of Fee Fee
14	Bail bond agency/branch office:
15	Application \$1,200
16	License renewal \$1,150
17	Late renewal with penalty \$1,300
18	Bail bond agent:
19	Original license \$550
20	License renewal \$500
21	Late renewal with penalty \$600
22	Change of qualified agent \$250
23	(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of 11 GCA §161101(b), twenty-
24	five percent (25%) of the amount of fees paid pursuant to this Section, shall
25	be deposited in each of the following funds:
26	(1) the Better Public Service Fund,
27	(2) the Police Services Fund,

1	(3) the Department of Corrections Revolving Fund, and
2	(4) the Judicial Building Fund.
3	§ 79109. Notice Concerning Agent's Status.
4	(a) A bail bond agency shall notify the Director within ten (10) days
5	after the death or termination of employment of any employee who is a
6	licensed bail bond agent.
7	(b) A bail bond agency shall notify the Director within seventy-two
8	(72) hours upon receipt of information affecting a licensed bail bond agent's
9	continuing eligibility to hold a license under the provisions of this Chapter.
10	§ 79110. Time Frame to Post Bonded Bail.
11	Bonds executed by a Bail Bond Agency must be provided to the court
12	authorizing bail within twenty-four (24) hours of receipt of payment by the
13	indemnitor.
14	§ 79111. Bail Bond Premium Charge Maximum Rate.
15	A bail bond agency may require as payment for bail bond services a
16	charge of not more than fifteen percent (15%) of the bail amount set by a
17	judge or magistrate of the Unified Judiciary of Guam.
18	§ 79112. Collateral for Bail Bond Service.
19	A Bail Bond Agency may only accept cash or real property as
20	collateral for the payment of bail bond services.
21	§ 79113. Unprofessional conduct.
22	The following conduct, acts, or conditions constitute unprofessional
23	conduct:
24	(a) The commission of any act involving moral turpitude, dishonesty,
25	or corruption relating to the practice of the person's profession or operation
26	of the person's business, whether the act constitutes a crime or not. At the
27	disciplinary hearing a certified copy of a final holding of any court of

competent jurisdiction is conclusive evidence of the conduct of the license holder or applicant upon which a conviction or the final holding is based. Upon a conviction, however, the judgment and sentence is conclusive evidence at the ensuing disciplinary hearing of the guilt of the license holder or applicant of the crime described in the indictment or information, and of the person's violation of the statute on which it is based. For the purposes of this Subsection, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for the conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;

- (b) Misrepresentation or concealment of a material fact in obtaining or renewing a license or in reinstatement thereof;
 - (c) Advertising that is false, deceptive, or misleading;
- (d) The suspension, revocation, or restriction of a license to engage in any business or profession by competent authority in any state, federal, or foreign jurisdiction. A certified copy of the order, stipulation, or agreement is conclusive evidence of the revocation, suspension, or restriction;
- (e) Failure to cooperate with the disciplinary authority in the course of an investigation, audit, or inspection authorized by law by:
 - (1) Not furnishing any papers or documents requested by the disciplinary authority;
 - (2) Not furnishing in writing an explanation covering the matter contained in a complaint when requested by the disciplinary authority;
 - (3) Not responding to a subpoena issued by the disciplinary authority, whether or not the recipient of the subpoena is the accused in the proceeding; or
 - (4) Not providing authorized access, during regular business hours, to representatives of the disciplinary authority conducting an

investigation, inspection, or audit at facilities utilized by the license holder or applicant;

(f) Aiding or abetting an unlicensed person to practice or operate a business or profession when a license is required;

(g) Practice or operation of a business or profession beyond the scope

of practice or operation as defined by law or rule;

- (h) Misrepresentation in any aspect of the conduct of the business or profession;
- (i) Failure to adequately supervise or oversee auxiliary staff, whether employees or contractors, to the extent that consumers *may* be harmed or damaged;
- (j) Failure to comply with an order issued by the disciplinary authority;
- (k) Conviction of any misdemeanor or felony relating to the practice of the person's profession or operation of the person's business. For the purposes of this Subsection, conviction includes all instances in which a plea of guilty or nolo contendere is the basis for conviction and all proceedings in which the sentence has been deferred or suspended;
- (I) Interference with an investigation or disciplinary action by willful misrepresentation of facts before the disciplinary authority or its authorized representatives, or by the use of threats or harassment against any consumer or witness to discourage them from providing evidence in a disciplinary action or any other legal action, or by the use of financial inducements to any consumer or witness to prevent or attempt to prevent him or her from providing evidence in a disciplinary action;
 - (m) Engaging in unlicensed practice;

(n) Violating any of the provisions of this Chapter or the rules adopted under this Chapter;

- (o) Failing to meet the qualifications set forth in §§ 79104 and 79105 of this Chapter;
- (p) Knowingly committing, or being a party to, any material fraud, misrepresentation, concealment, conspiracy, collusion, trick, scheme, or device whereby any other person lawfully relies upon the word, representation, or conduct of the licensee;
- (q) Assigning or transferring any license issued pursuant to the provisions of this Chapter, except as provided in §79104 of this Chapter;
- (r) Conversion of any money or contract, deed, note, mortgage, or other evidence of title, to his or her own use or to the use of his or her principal or of any other person, when delivered to him or her in trust or on condition, in violation of the trust or before the happening of the condition; and failure to return any money or contract, deed, note, mortgage, or other evidence of title within thirty (30) days after the owner is entitled to possession, and makes demand for possession, *shall* be prima facie evidence of conversion;
- (s) Failing to keep records, maintain a trust account, or return collateral or security, as required by §79104 (d) of this Chapter;
- (t) Any conduct in a bail bond transaction which demonstrates bad faith, dishonesty, or untrustworthiness;
- (u) Violation of an order to cease and desist that is issued by the Director under this Chapter;
 - (v) Acting as or using the services of a bail bond recovery agent; or
- (w) Misrepresenting or knowingly making a material misstatement or omission in the application for a license.

§ 79114. Complaints.

Any person *may* submit a written complaint to the Department charging a license holder or applicant with unprofessional conduct and specifying the grounds for the charge. If the Director determines that the complaint merits investigation, or if the Director has reason to believe, without a formal complaint, that a license holder or applicant *may* have engaged in unprofessional conduct, the Director *shall* investigate to determine if there has been unprofessional conduct. A person who files a complaint under this Section in good faith is immune from suit in any civil action related to the filing or contents of the complaint.

§ 79115. Statement of Charges; Hearing.

- (a) If the disciplinary authority determines, upon investigation, that there is reason to believe that a license holder or applicant for a license has violated §79113 of this Chapter or has not met a minimum eligibility criteria for licensure, pursuant to 12 GARR Chapter 2 Article 4, the disciplinary authority *shall* prepare and serve the license holder or applicant a statement of charge, charges, or intent to deny or revoke. A notice that the license holder or applicant *may* request a hearing to contest the charge, charges, or intent to deny *must* accompany the statement. The license holder or applicant *must* file a request for a hearing with the disciplinary authority within twenty (20) days after being served the statement of charges or statement of intent to deny. The failure to request a hearing constitutes a default, whereupon the disciplinary authority *may* enter a decision on the facts available to it.
- (b) If a license holder or applicant for a license requests a hearing, the disciplinary authority *must* fix the time of the hearing as soon as convenient, but not earlier than thirty (30) days after the service of charge, charges, or

intent to deny. The disciplinary authority *may* hold a hearing sooner than thirty (30) days only if the disciplinary authority has issued a summary suspension or summary restriction.

§ 79116. Statement of Charges; Notice.

When a statement of charges is issued against a license holder or applicant under §79115 of this Chapter, notice of this action *must* be given to the owner or qualified agent of the employing bail bond agency.

§ 79117. Unlicensed Activity; Criminal Penalties.

- (a) Any person who performs the functions and duties of a bail bond agent in Guam without being licensed in accordance with the provisions of this Chapter, or any person presenting or attempting to use as his or her own the license of another, or any person who gives false or forged evidence of any kind to the Director in obtaining a license, or any person who falsely impersonates any other licensee, or any person who attempts to use an expired or revoked license, or any person who violates any of the provisions of this Chapter is guilty of a misdemeanor.
- (b) A person is guilty of a misdemeanor if the person owns or operates a bail bond agency in Guam without first obtaining a bail bond agency license.
- (c) The owner or qualified agent of a bail bond agency is guilty of a misdemeanor if the owner or qualified agent employs any person to perform the duties of a bail bond agent without the employee having in the employee's possession a bail bond agent license issued by the Department.

§ 79118. Application of Administrative Law.

The Board, in making rules and regulations relative to the provisions of this Chapter, *shall* act in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Law.

§ 79119. Director's Powers.

In addition to those powers set forth in §79104 of this Chapter, the Director or the Director's designee has the authority to order restitution to the person harmed by the licensee.

§79120. Failure of Criminal Defendant to Uphold Bail Conditions.

If a criminal defendant who has entered into a contract for a bail bond with a bail bond agency fails to uphold the conditions of his or her release:

- (a) The contracted bail bond agency will forfeit the bail bond premium regulated under §79111 of this Chapter, to the Unified Judiciary of Guam to defray the cost incurred for the recovery of the criminal defendant. The Unified Judiciary of Guam *may* impose additional charges to the bail bond agency not to exceed an aggregate of fifteen percent (15%) of the bail amount inclusive of fees surrendered;
- (b) The bond posted by the contracted bail bond agency will only be exonerated by the Unified Judiciary of Guam if within ninety (90) days of the criminal defendant failing to uphold his or her bail conditions, the criminal defendant is apprehended and in the legal jurisdiction and custody of the Territory of Guam;
- (c) If a bail bond agency has more than four (4) occurrences of criminal defendants contracted with that bail bond agency failing to uphold bail conditions within a rolling twelve (12) month period, the Director *shall* revoke that bail bond agency's license subject to appeal pursuant to §79115 of this Chapter, and such agency and their principals *shall* be ineligible for future bail bond agency licenses in whole or in part.

(d) Fifty percent (50%) of the amount of bail bond premiums forfeited under Subsection (a) of this Section *shall* be deposited to the Judicial Building Fund. The remaining fifty percent (50%) of such premiums *shall* be deposited in the Police Services Fund."

Section 6. Uniform Bail Schedule. The Judicial Council *may* promulgate a Uniform Bail Schedule pursuant to §40.20(c) of Chapter 40, Title 9, Guam Code Annotated, as amended by §2 of this Act. Such schedule *shall* be formulated as a fixed amount for each individual crime, subject to additional conditions as set forth by the Judicial Council including but not limited to offender criminal history and crimes involving multiple parties. Bail established by a bail schedule as set forth in this Section *shall* be effective immediately charged and *may* be posted prior to a magistrate hearing.

- Section 7. Contractual Arrangments for Payment of Bail or Presentation of Proof of Bonding. Within ninety (90) days of the enactment of this Act, the Guam Police Department, the Guam Department of Corrections, the Treasurer of Guam, and the Unified Judiciary of Guam *shall* enter into contractual arrangements as necessary to allow for the payment of bail or presentation of proof of bonding by a bail bond agency licensed under 11 GCA Chapter 79 at facilities with detainees.
- **Section 8. Rules and Regulations.** A *new* Item (7) is hereby *added* to \$103104(a) of Chapter 103, Title 11, Guam Code Annotated, to read:
- "(7) In consultation with the Unified Judiciary of Guam, amend such rules and regulations adopted in 12 GAR Chapter 2, pursuant to this Act, in accordance with the Administrative Adjudication Law as *may* be necessary for the operation and management of Bail Bond Agencies."
- **Section 9. Bail Bond Agencies and Bail Bond Agents.** A *new* Chapter 2 is hereby *added* to Title 12, Guam Administrative Rules and Regulations, to read:

1	"CHAPTER 2
2	BAIL BOND AGENCIES AND BAIL BOND AGENTS
3	
4	Article 1. General.
5	Article 2. Licensing Application and Fees.
6	Article 3. Office Requirements and Licensee's Responsibilities.
7	Article 4. Adjudicative Proceedings.
8	
9	ARTICLE 1
10	GENERAL
11	
12	§ 2101. Organization.
13	§ 2102. Definitions.
14	
15	§ 2101. Organization.
16	The Department administers the Guam bail bond license law, 11 GCA
17	Chapter 79. Submissions and requests for information regarding bail bond
18	agency licenses and bail bond agent may be sent in writing to the
19	Department.
20	§ 2102. Definitions.
21	Words and terms used in these rules shall have the same meaning as
22	each has under 11 GCA Chapter 79 unless otherwise provided in these rules,
23	or the context in which they are used in these rules clearly indicates that they
24	be given some other meaning. Unless the context clearly requires otherwise,
25	the definitions in this Section apply throughout this chapter.
26	(a) 'Affidavit' means a written statement made under oath.

(c) 'Clients' means defendants and indemnitors.

- (d) 'Collateral receipt' *means* an accurate description of the security given to an indemnitor by the receiving agency's agent, in its fiduciary capacity, listing all collateral given as security for a bail bond and held by the agency/agent until the bail bond is exonerated by the court or a forfeiture occurs. The receipt *shall* name the owner of the collateral, the defendant, and the bond number, and specify the terms for redemption of the collateral including any fees charged for storage.
- (e) 'Corporate surety bail bonds' *means* a bail bond contract that is guaranteed by a domestic, foreign, or alien insurance company which has been qualified to transact surety insurance business in Guam by the Board.
- (f) 'Escrow fund' *means* that percentage of money obtained from collected premiums paid by the agent to the corporate surety company for the purpose of indemnifying the corporate surety from loss caused by the agent.
 - (g) 'Exonerate' means the discharging of the bail bond by the court.
- (h) 'Indemnity agreement' *means* the contract signed by the indemnitor that states the obligations the indemnitor(s) is/are assuming.
- (i) 'Letter of demand' *means* any form of notice to the indemnitor/defendant that the collateral placed in trust has come under jeopardy because of a failure to appear or violation of bail.
- (j) 'Letter of forfeiture' *means* a notice in varied forms, sent to a bail bond agency/branch office, advising the agency/branch office that a defendant who has secured a bail bond with that agency has failed to appear

l	on a given date in a given court. The court has made a demand for the
2	payment of the face amount of the bond by a given date.
3	(k) 'Principal/defendant' means the accused criminal defendant, for
4	whom a bail bond may be obtained.
5	(I) 'Principal partner' means the partner who is the qualified agent of a
6	bail bond agency and who exercises operational control over the agency.
7	(m) 'Property bond agent' means a surety that posts security in the
8	form of personal or real estate for compensation to assure the appearance of
9	a defendant.
10	(n) 'Surety' as it relates to bail bonds, means the depositor/owner of
11	cash if a cash bail bond, the property owner(s) if a property bond, the
12	insurance company if a corporate surety bond, that guarantees performance
13	of the bail bond contract for compensation.
14	(o) 'Surrender form' means the form used to return to custody a
15	defendant for violation of bond conditions or a letter of forfeiture from a
16	court in accordance to the bail contract.
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18	ARTICLE 2
19	LICENSING APPLICATION AND FEES
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21	§2201. Applying for a Bail Bond Agent License.
22	§2202. Submitting Fingerprint Cards for a Criminal History Background
23	Check.
24	§2203. Applying for a Bail Bond Agency License.
25	§2204. Responsibilities of the Qualified Agent.
26	§2205. Applying for a Bail Bond Agency Branch Office License.

2	Applications—Conditions.
3	§2207. Renewal and Expiration of Licenses.
4	§2208. Cancellation of Employment.
5	§2209. Inactive Licenses.
6	
7	§ 2201. Applying for a Bail Bond Agent License.
8	After the applicant meets the requirements of 11 GCA §79105 he/she
9	shall:
10	(a) Complete an application for a license on a form provided by the
11	Department.
12	(b) Inform the Department if he/she has an insurance surety license
13	and with what company he/she is affiliated.
14	(c) Pay the applicable fee(s) as listed in 11 GCA §79108.
15	§ 2202. Submitting Fingerprint Cards for a Criminal History
16	Background Check.
17	(a) Every applicant for a bail bond agent license shall have a
18	fingerprint criminal history background check conducted.
19	(b) Applicants shall be fingerprinted by Guam Police Department on a
20	fingerprint card provided by the Department and pay any fees required by
21	the Guam Police Department for fingerprinting services.
22	§ 2203. Applying for a Bail Bond Agency License.
23	To qualify for a bail bond agency license the applicant shall:
24	Complete the requirements of the bail bond agent license and;
25	(a) Submit to the Department proof of work experience as required
26	under 11 GCA §79104. Work related experience shall include: Bail bonds,

§2206. Bail Bond Agency, Branch Office, and Agent License

insurance, trust accounts, receiving collateral in a fiduciary capacity, and forms of underwriting.

- (b) Complete an application for an agency license on a form provided by the Department.
 - (c) Pay the applicable fee(s) as required by 11 GCA §79108.
- (d) Obtain a bond for the main office as required by 11 GCA §79104(c).
- (e) The applicant *shall* disclose the surety(s) name, address, the attorney in fact, and whose name the escrow fund is in. If the applicant changes their corporate surety, the applicant *shall* immediately advise the Department.
- (f) If the applicant provides security in the form of real property, the applicant *shall* advise the Department of the names of the court(s) that have given approval for the placing of property bonds.
- (g) Sole proprietorships *shall* act as the qualified agent of the agency without the payment of additional license fees.
- (h) Partnerships or limited partnership applicants *shall* each apply, qualify, and furnish their addresses to the Director. When a license is issued to a partnership, the principal partner *shall* act as the qualified agent of the agency without the payment of additional license fees.
- (i) Applicants representing a corporation *shall* furnish a copy of the articles of incorporation, and a list of officers and departments and their addresses to the Director. When an agency license is issued to a corporation, the manager, officer, or chief operating officer *shall* act as the qualified agent of the agency without the payment of additional license fees.

(j) If the applicant represents a foreign corporation, he/she *shall* furnish a copy of its articles of incorporation, and a list of its officers and departments and their addresses to the Department.

§ 2204. Responsibilities of the Qualified Agent.

- (a) The qualified agent *shall* be responsible for all transactions, recordkeeping, and the employees of each office he or she is licensed as the qualified agent.
- (b) Under 11 GCA §79101, a qualified agent is 'an owner, sole proprietor, partner, manager, officer, or chief operating officer of a corporation who meets the requirements set forth in this Chapter for obtaining a bail bond agency license.' The qualified agent essentially serves as 'manager' of the bail bond agency, and is responsible for all bail bond transactions conducted by the bail bond agents employed by the agency;
- (c) Each branch office *must* be managed by a qualified agent. A qualified agent *may* serve as a qualified agent of multiple offices. Although the qualified agent remains ultimately responsible for bail bond, a qualified agent is permitted to delegate managerial functions to licensed bail bond agents. However, a qualified agent *shall* not delegate managerial or supervisory functions to unlicensed staff because such functions necessarily involve participation in the sale or issuance of bail bonds.
- (d) Allowing unlicensed staff to participate in the sale or issuance of bail bonds could lead to charges of aiding or abetting unlicensed activity in violation of 11 GCA §79113.
- (e) Any agency going out of business in Guam *shall* continue to be obligated on all outstanding bonds until the Director receives notification that all bonds have been exonerated and the Department has received no complaints from indemnitor about the return of collateral. The Director *may*

require an audit of the closing agency at any time upon notification of the closing of the agency.

§ 2205. Applying for a Bail Bond Agency Branch Office License.

A licensed bail bond agency *may* establish a branch office by meeting the following requirements:

- (a) Each branch office *shall* have a licensed qualified agent;
- (b) Complete an application form provided by the Department; and
- (c) Pay the applicable fee(s) as required under 11 GCA §79108.

§ 2206. Bail Bond Agency, Branch Office, and Agent License Applications—Conditions.

Any person desiring to obtain a bail bond agency, bail bond branch office, or bail bond agent license *shall* make application on a form prescribed by the Director and pay a fee as prescribed by 11 GCA §79108.

§ 2207 Renewal and expiration of licenses.

- (a) Licenses issued to bail bond agents, bail bond agencies, or branch offices, expire one year from the date of issue.
- (b) Licenses *must* be renewed each year on or before the date of expiration and a renewal fee as prescribed by 11 GCA §79108 *must* be paid.
- (c) If the application for a license renewal is not received by the Director on or before the renewal date, a penalty fee as prescribed by 11 GCA §79108 *shall* be paid. Acceptance by the Director of an application for renewal after the renewal date *shall* not be a waiver of the delinquency.
- (d) A license *shall* be canceled if an application for a renewal of that license is not received by the Director within one year from the date of expiration. A person *may* obtain a new license by satisfying the procedures and qualifications for licensing.

- (e) No bail bond agent or bail bond agency *shall* engage in the sale or issuance of bail bonds if their license has expired.
- (f) When the Director receives verification that a bail bond agent license has expired or has been revoked or suspended, the Director *shall* advise the Unified Judiciary of Guam.

§ 2208. Cancellation of Employment.

- (a) A person licensed as a bail bond agent *shall* perform duties and activities as licensed only under the direction and supervision of a licensed qualified agent and as a representative of a bail bond agency.
- (b) Either the agency or agent *may* cancel this relationship. The agency's qualified agent *must* send a written notice of the cancellation to the Department immediately and include the agent's license held by the agency. Notice of cancellation *shall* be provided by signature of the agency's qualified agent on the surrendered license. The cancellation date *shall* be the postmark date or date the license is hand delivered to the Department. If the license held by the agency cannot be surrendered to the Department because the license has been lost, the qualified agent *shall* complete and submit an affidavit of lost license on a form approved by the Department explaining why the license has been lost and for how long the license has not been on display.

§ 2209. Inactive licenses.

(a) Any license issued under 11 GCA Chapter 79, and not otherwise revoked or suspended *shall* be deemed 'inactive' at any time it is delivered to the Director. Until reissued, the holder of an inactive license *shall* be deemed to be unlicensed.

- (b) An inactive license may be placed in an active status upon completion of an application as provided by the Director and upon compliance with 11 GCA Chapter 79.
 (c) An inactive license may not be renewed. The inactive license will be canceled if not activated by the expiration date. To obtain a new license
 - be canceled if not activated by the expiration date. To obtain a new license the person *must* satisfy the procedures and qualifications for initial licensing, including the successful completion of any examination and education requirements.
 - (d) The provisions of 11 GCA Chapter 79 relating to the denial, suspension, and revocation of a license *shall* be applicable to an inactive license as well as an active license, except that when proceedings to suspend or revoke an inactive license have been initiated, the license *shall* remain inactive until the proceedings have been completed.

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15 ARTICLE 3

OFFICE REQUIREMENTS AND LICENSEE'S RESPONSIBILITIES.

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- §2301. Location of License Documents.
- 19 §2302. Change of Address.
- §2303. Responsibilities as a Licensee in Addition to the Other Obligations
- and Responsibilities Outlined in 11 GCA Chapter 79 and 12 GARR Chapter
- 22 2.
- §2304. Criminal Complaint or Action.
- §2305. Bail Bond Agency and Branch Office Required Records.
- 25 §2306. Bail Bond Agency Audits and Inspections.

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§ 2301. Location of License Documents.

Licenses of all bail bond agency and bail bond agents *shall* be kept in the office located at the address appearing on the license.

§ 2302. Change of Address.

The qualified agent of a bail bond agency *shall* notify the Department of any change of location and mailing address of the agency office within ten (10) working days by filing a completed change of address form provided by the Department.

§ 2303. Responsibilities as a Licensee in Addition to the Other Obligations and Responsibilities Outlined in 11 GCA Chapter 79 and 12 GARR Chapter 2.

It is the responsibility of each and every licensee to obtain a copy of and be knowledgeable of and keep current with the rules implementing 11 GCA Chapter 79.

§ 2304. Criminal Complaint or Action.

Every licensee *shall* notify in writing, within ten (10) days after service or knowledge thereof, the Department of any criminal complaint, information, indictment, or conviction (including a plea of guilty or nolo contendere) in which the licensee is named as a defendant.

§ 2305. Bail Bond Agency and Branch Office Required Records.

The following requirements and prohibitions apply to all records and documents required to be maintained by 11 GCA Chapter 79, or in these rules:

- (a) They *shall* be maintained in accordance with generally accepted accounting practices.
- (b) No person *shall* make any false or misleading statement, or make false or misleading entry, or willfully fail to make any entry required to be maintained or made, in any such record or document.

1	(c) No person shall willfully fail to produce any such record or
2	document for inspection by the Department.
3	(d) The minimum records the qualified agent or principal partner of a
4	bail bond agency shall be required to keep are:
5	(1) Bank trust account records;
6	(2) Duplicate receipt book or receipt journal;
7	(3) Prenumbered checks;
8	(4) Check register or cash disbursement journal;
9	(5) Validated bank deposit slips;
10	(6) Reconciled bank monthly statement (client liability vs bank
11	statement);
12	(7) All canceled checks;
13	(8) All voided checks;
14	(9) 'Client information' which includes defendant's name,
15	application, dates of transactions, amount received, amount disbursed,
16	current balance, check number, item(s) covered, indemnitor's
17	agreement, and indemnity agreements, premium receipts, collateral
18	receipt(s), letter(s) of forfeiture, letter(s) of demand and affidavit(s),
19	as applicable, and any written information or communication that may
20	have influence on the bail bond or collateral placed for the bail bond;
21	(10) A transaction folder or file containing a copy of all
22	agreements, invoices, billings, and related correspondence for each
23	transaction;
24	(11) Records or description of all collaterals, securities, or
25	monetary instruments received or held in the bail bond business
26	transactions;

1	(12) Records of exoneration of all bail bond transactions which
2	include:
3	(i) Court, citation or case number
4	(ii) Date of issuance of the bail
5	(iii) The defendant's name, address and telephone
6	number
7	(iv) Amount of the bond
8	(v) Name of the court
9	(vi) Date of exoneration of the bond.
10	(e) The above records shall be maintained for a minimum period of
11	three (3) years.
12	(f) All funds and monetary instruments received by the agency from
13	customers or clients in business transactions shall be deposited into the trust
14	account within three (3) working days of receipt.
15	(g) All money spent on behalf of a client must be deposited in and
16	disbursed from the agent's collateral trust account, including advances, loans
17	or money from the agency's business account to the collateral trust account
18	to pay expenses.
19	(h) Bail bond agents must secure an affidavit from any party who
20	purchases or takes possession of collateral being liquidated. The affidavit
21	must state the name, address and telephone number of the party(ies)
22	acquiring the property along with a complete description of the property,
23	serial number or other unique identifying number, and the dollar value of the
24	collateral being liquidated with an explanation of how the dollar value was
25	estimated.
26	(i) If the bail bond agency provides other services to the indemnitor or
27	client, the firm <i>must</i> provide full disclosure in writing of the relationship

with any persons providing such services, and prior disclosure of fees charged. The written disclosure *must* be maintained in the client's transaction file for a minimum period of three years. For purposes of this Section, 'other services' *shall* mean services unrelated to the issuance and posting of bail.

- (j) The bail bond agent *must* provide each indemnitor or client a receipt for all personal property. The bail bond agent *shall* keep a duplicate of all receipts. The receipt will include:
 - (1) Date of receipt;

- (2) Complete description of the property to include serial numbers or other unique identifying numbers;
 - (3) Signature of the bail bond agent; and
 - (4) A file or case number the receipt relates to.
- (k) The bail bond agent *shall* maintain an individual ledger card to post all bank charges of any nature, including credit card charges. Accrued interest *shall* be posted to the individual ledger card. If bank charges exceed the interest earned, causing the trust account to be lower than client liability, the bail bond agent *shall* immediately deposit funds into the trust account to bring the trust account into balance. For purposes of this Subsection, 'immediately' *shall* mean within one (1) banking day after the bail bond agent receives notice that the trust account is lower than client liability. All interest accruing on the trust bank account *must* be withdrawn at least once monthly.

§ 2306. Bail Bond Agency Audits and Inspections.

(a) All records required to be maintained by a qualified agent of a bail bond agency by 11 GCA Chapter 79, or these rules, together with any other business or other types of records of a licensee which *may* be related to the

bail bond activity, together with any personal property which may be the subject of, or related to, a bail bond business transaction shall be subject to inspection and audit at any reasonable time, with or without notice upon demand by the Department, for the purposes of determining compliance or noncompliance with the provisions of 11 GCA Chapter 79, and these rules. (b) If records requested by the Department or auditing agency are not immediately available because they are not physically present upon the premises at the time the demand is made, they shall be procured and produced to the Department or auditing as soon as possible, but in any event within twenty-four (24) hours, by the licensee. (c) A reasonable time for the conduct of such inspection and audit shall be: (1) If the records or items to be inspected or audited are located anywhere upon a premise any portion of which is open for business or to the public (or members and guests), then at any time the premises are so open, or at which they are usually open; or (2) If the records or items to be inspected or audited are not located upon a premise set out in Subsection (a) of this Section, then any time between the hours of 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. Monday through Friday. ARTICLE 4 ADJUDICATIVE PROCEEDINGS § 2401. Adjudicative Proceeding.

§ 2402. Records Used in an Adjudicative Proceeding.

§ 2403. Conducting an Adjudicative Proceeding.

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1 § 2404. False or Misleading Adv	vertising
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§ 2405. Standards of Professional Conduct.

§ 2401. Adjudicative Proceeding.

Administrative Adjudicative Law *shall* govern the administration of adjudicative proceedings conducted by request, and/or at the discretion of the Director or Board pursuant to Administrative Adjudicative Law, for the categories of matters set forth below. Adjudicative proceedings will be limited to a determination of one or more of the following issues:

- (a) Whether an applicant for a license meets the minimum criteria for a license to practice as a, bail bond agency, qualified agent, branch office, or bail bond agent in Guam and the Department proposes to deny the application;
- (b) Whether a person is in compliance with the terms and conditions of a final order or agreement previously issued by the Department;
- (c) Whether a license holder requesting renewal has submitted all required information and whether a license holder meets minimum criteria for renewal; and
- (d) Whether a license holder has been certified by a lending agency and reported to the Department for nonpayment or default on a federally or Guam guaranteed educational loan or service-conditional scholarship.
- (e) Whether a bail bond agency has more than four (4) occurrences of defendants contracted with that bail bond agency failing to uphold bail conditions within a rolling a twelve (12) month period.

§ 2402. Records Used in an Adjudicative Proceeding.

(a) The preliminary record with respect to an application for an original or renewal license *shall* consist of:

1	(1) The application for the license, renewal, or approval and all
2	associated documents;
3	(2) All documents relied upon by the Department in proposing
4	to deny the license, renewal, or approval; and
5	(3) All correspondence between the applicant for license,
6	renewal, or approval and the Department regarding the application.
7	(b) The preliminary record with respect to determination of
8	compliance with a previously issued final order or agreement shall consist
9	of:
10	(1) The previously issued final order or agreement;
11	(2) All reports or other documents submitted by, or at the
12	direction of, the license holder, in full or partial fulfillment of the
13	terms of the final order or agreement;
14	(3) All correspondence between the license holder and the
15	Department regarding compliance with the final order or agreement;
16	and
17	(4) All documents relied upon by the Department showing that
18	the license holder has failed to comply with the previously issued final
19	order or agreement.
20	(c) The preliminary record with respect to the determination of
21	nonpayment or default by the license holder on a federally or state-
22	guaranteed educational loan or service-conditional scholarship shall consist
23	of:
24	(1) Certification and report by the lending agency that the
25	identified person is in default or nonpayment on a federally or Guam
26	guaranteed educational loan or service-conditional scholarship; or

(2) A written release, if any, issued by the lending agency stating that the identified person is making payment on the loan in accordance with a repayment agreement approved by the lending agency.

§ 2403. Conducting an Adjudicative Proceeding.

- (a) Adjudicative proceedings *shall* be conducted by a presiding officer for adjudicative proceedings designated by the Director or Board. The presiding officer for the adjudicative proceedings *shall* not have personally participated in the decision, which resulted in the request for an adjudicative proceeding.
- (b) The parties or their representatives *may* present written documentation. The presiding officer for the adjudicative proceedings *shall* designate the date by which written documents *must* be submitted by the parties.
- (c) The presiding officer for adjudicative proceedings *may*, in his or her discretion, entertain oral argument from the parties or their representatives.
 - (d) No witnesses may appear to testify.
- (e) In addition to the record, the presiding officer for the adjudicative proceedings *may* employ Department expertise as a basis for the decision.
- (f) The presiding officer for the adjudicative proceedings *shall* not issue an oral order. Within ten (10) days of the final date for submission of materials or oral argument, if any, the presiding officer for adjudicative proceedings *shall* enter an initial order.

§ 2404. False or Misleading Advertising.

(a) Every advertisement by a licensee that solicits or advertises business *shall* contain the name of the business exactly as stated on the bail

bond agency license, and the physical address of the business as stated on the bail bond agency license, and the bail bond agency license number. A licensed bail bond agency *may* advertise under a registered trade name of the licensee provided that the registered trade name is stated exactly as documented with the Department. Licensees under this Chapter *must* notify the Department in writing, of any registered trade names intended for use in future advertising.

- (b) Telephone directory listings that are for the purpose of providing the business name, address, and telephone number only, are not required to include the license number.
- (c) The Department has authority to discipline bail bond agents for advertising that is false, fraudulent or misleading pursuant to 11 GCA §79113.

§ 2405. Standards of Professional Conduct.

- (a) A bail bond agent *shall* maintain a detailed record of any collateral taken as security on any bond to the principal, indemnitor, or depositor of such collateral.
- (b) A bail bond agent *shall* preserve or retain separately any collateral or to retain any collateral taken as security on any bond.
- (c) A bail bond agent *shall* not have an outstanding judgment on a bail forfeiture, which judgment is or has been subject to execution on demand.
- (d) A bail bond agent *shall* not use a relationship with any person employed by a jail facility to obtain referrals, or pay a fee or rebate or give or promise anything of value to any person having the power of arrest or having control of federal or local prisoners, trustees or prisoners incarcerated in any jail, prison or any other place used for the incarceration of persons.

(e) A bail bond agent *shall* not require as a condition of his/her posting a bail bond that the principal or defendant agree to engage the services of a specific attorney.

- (f) A bail bond agent *shall* not prepare or issue forged bonds or a forged power of attorney.
- (g) A bail bond agent *shall* not arrest or make a threat of arrest to a defendant when the defendant or the indemnitor fails to fulfill a promise to repay credit extended by the bail bond agent.
- (h) A bail bond agent *shall* not pay a fee or rebate or give or promise anything of value to the principal or anyone on his or her behalf.
- (i) A bail bond agent *shall* not pay a fee or rebate or give anything of value to an attorney in bail bond matters, except for legal services actually rendered on behalf of the bail bond agent.
- (j) A bail bond agent *shall* not pay a fee or rebate or pay for a referral except from another bonding company, or promise anything of value to a person in order to secure a settlement, compromise, remission or reduction of the amount of any bail bond."
- Section 10. Enactment. This Act shall be effective upon enactment.
- **Section 11. Severability.** If any provision of this Law or its application to any person or circumstance is found to be invalid, or contrary to law, such invalidity *shall* not affect other provisions or applications of this Law which can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this Act are severable.